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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/058,695	01/28/2002	Samuel J. Danishefsky	2003080-0089	5540

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Choate, Hall & Stewart  
Exchange Place  
53 State Street  
Boston, MA 02109

EXAMINER

SOLOLA, TAOFIQ A

ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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1626

DATE MAILED: 04/09/2003

18

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

# Office Action Summary

Application No.

10/058,695

Applicant(s)

DANISHEFSKY ET AL.

Examiner

Taofiq A. Solola

Art Unit

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-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

## Period for Reply

A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.

- Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.
- If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.
- Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).
- Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).

## Status

- 1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 21 March 2003.
- 2a) ☐ This action is **FINAL**. 2b) ☒ This action is non-final.
- 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under *Ex parte Quayle*, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.

## Disposition of Claims

- 4) ☐ Claim(s) 59,61-64,66-80,82-87 and 89-122 is/are pending in the application.
- 4a) Of the above claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are withdrawn from consideration.
- 5) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed.
- 6) ☐ Claim(s) 59,61-64,66-80,82-87 and 89-122 is/are rejected.
- 7) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to.
- 8) ☐ Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.

## Application Papers

- 9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.
- 10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.
- Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).
- 11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on \_\_\_\_\_ is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.
- If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.
- 12) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.

## Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120

- 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).
- a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some \* c) ☐ None of:
- ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.
  - ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. \_\_\_\_\_.
  - ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).
- \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.
- 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).
- a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.
- 15) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.

## Attachment(s)

- 1) ☐ Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)
- 2) ☐ Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
- 3) ☐ Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) 9.
- 4) ☐ Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s). \_\_\_\_\_
- 5) ☐ Notice of Informal Patent Application (PTO-152)
- 6) ☐ Other:

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This communication supersedes the previous Office Action.

Claims 59, 61-64, 66-80, 82-87, 89-122, are pending in this application.

Claims 1-58, 60, 65, 81, 88, are canceled.

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***Request for Continued Examination***

A request for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, including the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.117(e), was filed in this application after final rejection. Since this application is eligible for continued examination under 37 CFR 1.114, and the fee set forth in 37 CFR 1.17(e) has been timely paid, the finality of the previous Office action has been withdrawn pursuant to 37 CFR 1.114. Applicant's submission filed on 1/21/03 has been entered.

***Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103***

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negated by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 59, 61-64, 66-80, 82-87, 89-122, are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Bollag et al., Cancer Res., Vol. 55 (1995), pages 2325-2333.

Applicant claims compositions of epothilone A and B, and their methods of use for treating cancer or tumors particularly drug-resistant cells. In preferred embodiments, the compositions further comprise at least one cytotoxic agent. Applicants also claim variable effective amounts of the epothilones, such as, from about 0.001 to about 40 mg/kg of body weight, and administration of the effective dose to a subject multiple times.

*Determination of the scope and content of the prior art (MPEP §2141.01)*

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Bollag et al., teach epothilones A (wherein R is H) and B (R is methyl), their compositions as oily residue (column 2, page 2326) and methods of use for treating cancer or tumor and particularly multiple drug-resistant cells. See column 2, page 2331. Bollag et al., also teach the method of use of epothilones in combination with taxol (a cytotoxic agent). See column 2, page 2328 to column 1, page 2330. Bollag et al., further compare epothilones A and B with Taxol, a known cytotoxic compound widely use as anticancer and antitumor. Bollag et al., concluded that the epothilones have improved solubility profile and therapeutic index. See column 1, page 2333.

Ascertainment of the difference between the prior art and the claims (MPEP §2141.02)

The difference between the instant invention and that of Bollag et al., is that applicant is claiming effective amounts of the epothilones from about 0.001 to about 40 mg/kg of body weight, and administration of the effective dose to a subject multiple (at least two) times.

Finding of prima facie obviousness---rational and motivation (MPEP §2142.2413)

Bollag et al., teach the EC<sub>50</sub> values of the epothilones for treatment, mitotic arrest and toxicity, in multiple drug resistance (MDR) and parental cells. See table 3. Therefore, claiming variable effective amounts of the epothilones, and administration of the effective dose to a subject multiple times is not in and of itself patentable over the prior art of Bollag et al. Administration of effective amount of a drug, and at different times, in the treatment of cancer is well known in the art of medicine.

The instant invention is prima facie obvious from the teaching(s) of Bollag et al. Having known the utility of the compounds, one of ordinary skill in the art would have determine their effective therapeutic doses without undue experimentation. The motivation is in the expectation that the epothilones composition would be effective for the treatment of cancer and/or tumor

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given the results of the comparative study between taxol and epothilones performed by Bollag et al.

### ***Double Patenting***

A rejection based on double patenting of the "same invention" type finds its support in the language of 35 U.S.C. 101, which states that "whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process ... may obtain a patent therefor ..." (Emphasis added). Thus, the term "same invention," in this context, means an invention drawn to identical subject matter. See *Miller v. Eagle Mfg. Co.*, 151 U.S. 186 (1894); *In re Ockert*, 245 F.2d 467, 114 USPQ 330 (CCPA 1957); and *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970).

A statutory type (35 U.S.C. 101) double patenting rejection can be overcome by canceling or amending the conflicting claims so they are no longer coextensive in scope. The filing of a terminal disclaimer cannot overcome a double patenting rejection based upon 35 U.S.C. 101.

Claims 59, 61-64, 66-80, 82-87, 89-122, are provisionally rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as claiming the same invention as that of claims 144-160 of copending Application No. 09/874,514. This is a provisional double patenting rejection since the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

### ***Objection***

Claims 59, 61-63, 96-108, are objected to under 37 CFR 1.75 as being substantial duplicates. When two claims in an application are duplicates or else are so close in content that they both cover the same thing, despite a slight difference in wording, it is proper after allowing one claim to object to the other as being a substantial duplicate of the allowed claim. See MPEP § 706.03(k).

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Reciting or changing the effective amount is not a further limitation in a composition claim. The limitation in a composition claim relates to the structure(s) of the active ingredient. By deleting the duplicate claims the objection would be overcome.

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***Relevant Prior Art***

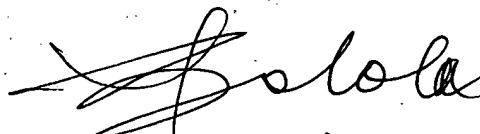
Hofle et al., WO 93/10121, teach epothilone (A and B), and their pharmaceuticals (medicaments) having cytotoxic and immunosuppressive activity.

***Telephone Inquiry***

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Taofiq A. Solola whose telephone number is (703) 308-4690. The examiner is on flexible work schedule and the best days to get him are Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Joseph McKane, can be reached on (703) 308-4537. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 308-4556.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the Group receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1235.

  
**TAOFIQ SOLOLA**  
**PRIMARY EXAMINER**  
Group 1626

February 14, 2003